#### QUEENS COLLEGE RADIOCARBON MEASUREMENTS III

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This list contains analyses completed between January, 1976 and April, 1977. Details of laboratory operation are contained in our first list (R, 1975, v 18, p 205). Samples submitted for analysis are reviewed by a committee consisting of W DeBoer, E Hansen, Anthropology; L Marcus, Biology; W S Newman, D L Thurber, Earth and Environmental Sciences; and Richard Pardi, Radiocarbon Laboratory.

All results are based on the conventional half-life of  ${}^{14}C$ , *ie*, 5568  $\pm$  30 years. Results are  $1\delta$ , based on the combined statistical counting error of the sample, background and standard.  ${}^{12}C/{}^{13}C$  measurements and corrections have not been made for these samples.

Samples sub-labeled with letters are re-analyses of identical or equivalent samples. Those sub-labeled with numbers are repeat or duplicate counts on split samples of prepared benzene, unless otherwise noted.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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#### I. GEOLOGIC SAMPLES

#### Sea level series

Peats (basal) coll and subm by W S Newman and L Cinquemani, Dept Earth Environmental Sci, Queens Coll, Oscawana I Tidal Marsh, Hudson R, New York (41° 13' 45" N, 73° 55' 50" W); Constitution I Tidal Marsh, Hudson R, New York (41° 23, 5N, 73° 58' W); Piermont Tidal Marsh, Hudson R, New York (41° 1' 30" N, 73° 54' W); Pelham Bay Park, Bronx, New York (40° 52.1' N, 73° 47.6' W); Ring Meadow, Iona I., Hudson R, New York (41° 13' 30" N, 73° 58' 40" W). All samples treated with hot dilute HCl.

<b>QC-221A. Oscawana I, 7.5m</b> Depth 7.5m below MHW.	$5150 \pm 210$
<b>QC-221B. Oscawana I, 6.8m</b> Depth 6.8m below MHW.	$4570 \pm 120$
<b>QC-228. Oscawana I, 2.7m</b> Depth 2.7m below MHW.	$1870\pm90$
<b>QC-264. Oscawana I, 7m</b> Depth 7m below MHW.	$4500 \pm 100$
<b>QC-189.</b> Constitution I, 9.45m Depth 9.45m below MHW.	$5900\pm300$

1074 Richard Pardi and E R Newman	
<b>QC-226.</b> Constitution I, 3.9m Depth 3.9m below MHW.	$2320\pm100$
QC-227. Constitution I, 7.7m Depth 7.7m below MHW.	$4230\pm120$
<b>QC-276.</b> Constitution I, 6.15m Depth 6.15m below MHW.	$4110 \pm 100$
<b>QC-262. Piermont, 5.05m</b> Depth 5.05m below MHW.	$3460 \pm 100$
<b>QC-261. Piermont, 8.54m</b> Depth 8.54m below MHW.	$4610 \pm 120$
<b>QC-211. Piermont, 3m</b> Depth 3m below MHW.	$2300 \pm 160$
<b>QC-295. Pelham Bay, 2.25m</b> Depth 2.25m below MHW.	$1800\pm90$
<b>QC-274. Ring Meadow, 4.6m</b> Depth 4.6m below MHW.	$3610 \pm 120$
QC-186. Ring Meadow, 10.75m	$3940 \pm 140$

Depth 10.75m below MHW. Comment (WSN): further field check disclosed that tidal marsh at this point extends to greater depth.

QC-187. Ring Meadow, 4.75m  $3800 \pm 160$ Depth 4.75m below MHW.

#### Long Island sea level series

Peats (basal) coll and subm by M Rampino, Goddard Inst for Space Studies, Wantagh, Nassau Co, Long Island, New York (40° 39' N, 73° 31" W). Back barrier area, Cedar Beach Suffolk Co, New York (40° 37' N, 73° 23' W).

General Comment (MR): depth estimate error may be as great as .15m due to compaction.

QC-314. Cedar Beach, A76-32	$5060 \pm 120$
Depth 10.1m below MSL.	
QC-315. Wantagh, C1-BP	$1020\pm100$
Depth 1.12m below MSL.	
QC-316. Wantagh, C3-BP	$300 \pm 90$
Depth 0.27m below MSL.	

#### **Bergen County mastodon series**

Bone, wood, and peat samples from a mastodon site, Bergen Co, New Jersey (40° 59' N, 73° 57' W). Coll and subm by S Averill, 8 Willow Brook Rd, Hillsdale, New Jersey.

#### QC-141. #5

Dentine from mastodon, depth ca 1.4m below surface. Sample had been shellaced. An attempt was made to remove the shellac via soxhlet extraction in hot ethanol for 3 to 4 days. Comment (SA): previous date I-6828: 9125  $\pm$  150 on lower stratigraphic level.

#### **QC-142**. #6

#### $6340 \pm 100$

 $5220 \pm 120$ 

Bone from mastodon. Also shellaced; treated same as QC-141.

#### **OC-144.** #8

#### $5080 \pm 160$ Peat from above mastodon, depth ca 1.2m below surface. Sample

diluted with "dead" benzene. QC-296. #9

Peat from ca 1.8m below surface. Large sample was sieved through 40-mesh screen and treated with hot dilute HCI and KOH. Comment (SA): from 20 to 28cm above thin tan lacustrine clay over coarse outwash of most recent glaciation. Peat from which mastodon, dated QC-141 and -142, was removed.

#### QC-297. #10

#### Peat treated same as QC-296. Comment (SA): from 5 to 15cm above tan lacustrine clay.

#### **Malaspina Glacier series**

Samples coll and subm by J H Hartshorn, Univ Massachusetts. from Malaspina Glacier, Alaska.

#### OC-160. MAL 15-70

#### Wood (Sitkagi Spruce?) torn up and embedded in till in front of glacier (59° 44' N, 140° 30' W). Comment (JHH): till is subglacial; date gives age of last readvance of Malaspina Glacier to sea at Sitkagi Bluffs.

#### QC-161. MAL 26-70

#### Wood embedded in a superglacial esker (gravel) emerging from beneath glacier (59° 50' N, 140° 4' W). Comment (JHH): date to be used in recreating history of advance and retreat of Malaspina Glacier. Location of wood in englacial (now superglacial) esker is unusual.

#### QC-162. MAL 28-70

#### $3630 \pm 130$

 $2770 \pm 90$ 

Shell coll from surface of esker recently emerged from ice (59° 47' N, 140° 10' W). Comment (JHH): in 1951, esker was beginning to emerge from beneath ice. Shells date from period of ice recession when sea was far N of present limits. When ice readvanced, shells were incorporated in till or ice and then treated as gravel by meltwater streams.

#### Almond (Kent) Glacier series

Dates used to reconstruct history and limits of Almond (Kent) Glacier. Coll and subm by E H Muller and P Willette, Dept Geol, Syracuse Univ.

# $650 \pm 80$

#### $12,130 \pm 210$

 $12,820 \pm 200$ 

1075

#### OC-232. PW-75-264

#### $10,830 \pm 220$

Peat with wood fragments and cones, Sargent's Peat Bog, New York (42° 17' 32" N, 78° 11' 0" W), alt ca 450m, depth 3m below bog surface. Comment (EHM): date will provide upper limit for Kent glaciation in Genesee Valley.

#### OC-233. PW-75-38

#### $6270 \pm 340$

Wood fragments contained in stratified, well-sorted, unoxidized silt, probably of alluvial origin, Estabrook site, Allegheny Co, New York (42° 25' 14" N, 78° 8' 20" W), alt ca 370m, depth 4.5m below surface. Very small sample, diluted with "dead" benzene (date too young). *Comment* (EHM): post-dates Almond (Kent) Glacier, related to early phase of erosional terrace development in reach of Genesee Stream upstream from Portageville and Letchworth Canyon.

#### **OC-238.** EM60-185C

# $+ 6680 \\ 25,450 \\ - 3600$

Wood fragments contained in silty, sparsely to moderately stony, gray till, unconformably overlain by modern alluvial-fan gravels, Rush Creek, 600m E of West Hill Rd, Allen Township, Fillmore Quad, Livingston City New York (42° 25′ 50″ N, 78° 3′ 10″ W), alt ca 420m, 60cm above stream. *Comment* (EHM): till predates Kent glaciation; is 1st such date in central New York. Analysis of 2nd, larger wood sample coll in vicinity of QC-233.

#### QC-263. PW-75-38-2

#### $7950 \pm 100$

Repeat analysis on larger sample of same wood as QC-233. Comment (EHM): 2nd date agrees well with field relationships and provides a datum point in downcutting which followed Lake Belfast-Fillmore and was controlled by bedrock incision directly N of Portageville.

#### Adak I series

Peat and fine organic sediments from drained pond (Black, 1975), Adak I., Alaska (51° 54′ 54″ N, 176° 37′ 56″ W). Coll and subm by R H Black, Univ Connecticut, Storrs. QC dates are all on > 40-mesh size fraction, treated with hot, dilute HCl and NaOH.

General Comment (RFB): some fine organic sediments probably washed and blown in. Geochron dates on fraction < 80-mesh.

#### QC-204A. 75A-182

#### $3830 \pm 110$

Depth 79 to 89cm below surface. Treated with hot, concentrated HCl and NaCl04. Previously dated GX-4028:  $3440 \pm 165$ . Comment (RFB): most reliable date of series; from above Sandwich Ash.

#### QC-205. 75A-183

#### $3770 \pm 100$

Depth 99 to 109cm below surface. Previously dated GX-3970:  $4390 \pm 150$ . Comment (RFB): from below Sandwich Ash.

1076

#### QC-206B. 75A-184

#### $5110 \pm 200$

Depth 127 to 137cm below surface. Previously dated GX-3971:  $6800 \pm 175$ . Comment (RFB): from above Intermediate Ash.

#### QC-207. 75A-185

#### $3040 \pm 370$

Small sample severely diluted with "dead" benzene (date too young), depth 145 to 155cm below surface; previously dated GX-3972:  $5705 \pm 200$ . Comment (RFB): from below Intermediate Ash.

#### **QC-208.** 75A-186

#### $6660 \pm 90$

Depth 181 to 191cm below surface, previously dated GX-4029:  $8310 \pm 265$ . Comment (RFB): from above Main ash, Geochron date too old.

#### OC-244. 76A-5

#### $4460 \pm 180$ Comment (RFB): from above Intermediate Ash, equivalent to 75A-184.

#### QC-245. 75A-6

#### $6960 \pm 100$

Comment (RFB): from below Intermediate Ash, equivalent to 75A-185.

#### **Deep-Sea Core series**

From Core V30-101K (44° 06' N, 32° 30' W). Coll and subm by A McIntyre, Lamont-Doherty Geol Observatory, Palisades, New York. General Comment (AMcI): results on QC-247, QC-248, and QC-249 were judged too old by about 10,000 yr each. QC-317 was run as a check, result agrees with Lamont date on split of same sample,  $18,590 \pm 800$  (L-1447B). Other dates on same core are QC-198 at  $16,360 \pm 220$  years, from depth of 63.5 to 71.5cm, GX-4491 at  $13,520 \pm 410$  yr from depth 32.5cm, and GX-4492 at 16,760  $\pm$  515 years from depth 39cm. No explanation has been found for apparently anomalous results on the three deepest samples.

<b>QC-246. V30-101K, 25cm</b> Ca 66% CaCO3.	$10,850 \pm 280$
QC-247. V30-101K, 40cm	+ 1300 27,200
Ca 45% CaCO3.	-1200
QC-248. V30-101K, 50cm	+ 1900 29,500
Ca 41% CaCO3.	-1600
QC-249. V30-101K, 55cm	+ 1650 31,400
Ca 45% CaCO3.	-1450
<b>QC-317. V30-101K, 46.8cm</b> Ca 45% CaCO3.	$18,\!300\pm660$

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#### **II. ARCHAEOLOGIC SAMPLES**

#### **QC-112.** #12

#### $700 \pm 120$

Charcoal from hearth on much used camping floor, Dogan Pt, Haverstraw, New York (41° 14' 10" N, 73° 56' 50" W). Depth 40cm below surface. Coll and subm by L A Brennan, Briarcliff Coll, Ossining, New York. *Comment* (LAB): sample too young; evidence of much camping and many fills; charcoal subm along with soil matrix. Assoc with small stemmed (Taconic) points, Perkiomen, small side-notched points (Twombly), and distinctive industry probably related to Susquehanna. There was no pottery.

#### Pipins Rock series

Charcoal and shell (C virginica) from Pipins Rock site (41° 10' N, 73° 52' W). Coll and subm by L A Brennan.

#### QC-225. #1 and #2

#### $3370 \pm 170$

 $4400 \pm 100$ 

Charcoal from apparent fire pit extending downward in basal sands, depth 60 to 70cm below surface. Sample dated is composite of 3 small charcoal samples from same region. *Comment* (LAB): fire pit is within 15 cm of shell deposit and is assoc with small series of excurvate sided triangular points with basal flute flake removed.

#### QC-224. 13E34S

# Shell from same level as QC-225, in undisturbed sand 25cm from hearth. *Comment* (LAB): Taconic stemmed point found in vicinity; 4400 BP is good date for Taconic series here.

#### OC-239. S Side Midden #1 4370 ± 90

Small oyster shells, depth 56cm below surface.

QC-240. S Side Midden #2

 $4940 \pm 100$ 

Three large oyster shell valves, depth 61cm below surface.

#### QC-241. S Side Midden #3 2480 ± 340

Charcoal from small pit hearth in midden, depth 56cm below surface, assoc with QC-243.

#### QC-243. S Side Midden #5 4490 ± 90

Oyster shells from around and beneath hearth, depth 51cm below surface.

# QC-270. S Side Midden #6 1) $4600 \pm 80$ 2) $4700 \pm 90$

Small shells from yellow sand-clay basement under midden, depth 56 to 61 cm below surface.

#### Spruce Swamp series

Spruce Swamp site, East Norwalk, Connecticut (41° 5' 16" N, 73° 23' 18" W). Coll and subm by E L Claypool, SW Connecticut Archaeol Comm, 23 Plymouth Rd, Stamford, Connecticut 06906.

#### QC-217. SS-1

Shell (C virginica), depth 80cm below MSL. Comment (ELC): from Feature #1, earth wholly enclosed in glacial sand and gravel. Sample dates earliest known aboriginal occupation at Spruce Swamp site.

#### QC-231. SS-2

Acorns (Quercus sp), uncharred and decomposed, from storage pit (Feature #15), in black soil midden between shell midden and glacial deposits containing C virginica shells dated at QC-217. Depth 6cm above to 50cm below MSL. Comment (ELC): dates only known acorn storage pit in New England, estimated age was 2500 yr BP, based on sea level curve and relationship to QC-217. Possible sources of contamination: salt water, sewage, sludge, marine engine waste from adjacent marina, and heavy penetration of roots.

#### **OC-273.** SS-3

#### Twigs (tree sp unidentified) from lining of Feature #15, acorn storage pit, uncarbonized and decomposed.

#### QC-298. SS-4

Wood (sp unknown) from either remains of prehistoric post or tree root. Solid wood, not decomposed, showing possible rings, depth 45 to 72cm below MSL. Comment (ELC): adjacent to Feature #15. Same contamination possibilities as QC-231.

#### QC-318. SS-5

#### Charcoal assoc with pottery from above Feature #15, depth 18cm below MSL. Very small sample, diluted with "dead" benzene. Comment (ELC): date is minimum for Feature #15.

#### QC-332. SS-6

Shell (Venus mercenaria), depth 23cm below surface, alt 7cm above MSL. Result suggests that dates on acorns, QC-231, and twigs, QC-273, from storage pit (Feature #15) are too young, since, even correcting for expected apparent age of recent shell material (Mangerud, 1972), shells should not be younger than ca 850 yr. Comment (ELC): from Stratum 2 above acorn storage pit.

#### QC-307/8. #1 and #2

Bone fragments from hearth, rockshelter, Brewster, New York (41° 22.5' N, 73° 30' W), depth 1.3 to 1.4cm below surface; coll and subm by R C Thompkins, Poughkeepsie. Combined sample was very small, and was diluted with "dead" benzene. Comment (RCT): sample assoc with Palmer-like projectile point.

#### Shawnee-Minisink site

From flood plain of Delaware R at confluence with Brodford Creek near Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania (50° 59' 0" N, 75° 8' W). Coll and subm by C W McNett, American Univ.

#### $2850 \pm 220$

# $750 \pm 90$

 $80 \pm 50$ 

#### $610 \pm 350$

 $1050 \pm 80$ 

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 $2290 \pm 90$ 

 $130 \pm 90$ 

#### QC-250.

#### 1990 ± 80

Charcoal from Sqs 25 and 25, Level 04, depth 60cm below surface.

QC-259.

#### $1610 \pm 100$

Charcoal from Sqs 5 and 9, Level 08, depth 85cm below surface.

#### QC-157/8. S6E66-1 and S2W6-19

# $1040 \pm 120$

Charred wood from possible fire pit (Feature 1), Mason I II site (18M013), Maryland (39° 10' 50-53" N, 77° 29' 45-55" W), depth 47 to 68cm below surface. Coll and subm by K Franklin, American Univ. *Comment* (KF): date is additional for Montgomery focus-related pottery type in Potomac Valley and evidence to suggest its temporal relationship to Luray focus.

,	~	1)	$1790 \pm 120$
QC-222.	Sesuit Harbor	2)	$1760 \pm 80$

Wood, white cedar (*Chamaecyparis thyoides*) from possible site, Sesuit Harbor, Massachusetts (41° 45′ 10″ N, 70° 10′ 21″ W), coll and subm by S Coughlin, Queens Coll, and R Prescott, Cape Cod Mus Nat Hist, Brewster, Massachusetts. *Comment* (SC): sample from former freshwater swamp now located in mire intertidal zone. Area subject to daily tidal flooding.

#### South Windsor series

Site #6Ht89, South Windsor, Connecticut (45° 50' W, 72° 37' 30" N). Coll and subm by K McBride and W Stinson, Univ Connecticut.

QC-301. N5W5/4

#### $3510 \pm 140$

Charred wood from hearth overlain with ca 1.1m floodplain silt loam, alt 7.6m ASL.

#### **Gatecliff Shelter series**

Gatecliff Shelter, Nevada (39° 00' N, 116° 47' W); coll and subm by D H Thomas, American Mus Nat Hist, New York.

QC-287. GU-9, #402	1) $2900 \pm 90$ 2) $3130 \pm 90$
Charcoal, Unit X, Feature 1, depth 300cm.	·
<b>QC-288. GU-9, #409</b> Charcoal, Unit II, Feature 7, depth 293cm.	$3140 \pm 90$
<b>QC-289. GU 4-74, #416</b> Charcoal, Unit XX, Feature 1, depth 594cm.	$5290 \pm 180$
<b>QC-290. GU 6-74, #418</b> Charcoal, Unit XXIII, depth 592cm.	$4350 \pm 100$
QC-291. GU 1-74, #419	$7080\pm680$

Charcoal, Unit XX, depth 535cm. Very small sample, severely diluted with "dead" benzene. *Comment* (DHT): despite large statistical error, date is roughly as expected.

1080

Queens College Radiocarbon Measurements III 1081

<b>QC-292. GU 6-74, #421</b> Charcoal, Unit X.	$4140 \pm 130$
QC-293. GU 4-74, #422	$5100 \pm 100$

Charcoal,	Unit XXIII.				
QC-294.	B-5, #441	1)	5390	±	150

Charcoal, from Triple T shelter, West Northumberland Canyon, Nye Co, Nevada (39° 00' N, 116° 55' W), alt +2073m, depth 340 to 350cm. Coll and subm by H A Thomas.

OC-271.	Excavation 1, Level 7	<b>A</b> )	$2650\pm80$
•		<b>B</b> )	$2805 \pm 130$

Charcoal from hearth (Feature #1), Parmana village site, Guarico State, Venezuela (8° N, 66° W) depth 125 to 145cm below surface. B pretreated, as in Haynes (1966). Coll and subm by A Roosevelt, Mus American Indian. *Comment* (AR): possible contamination from rootlets and lignite. Sample from Early Corozal phase.

#### Ronquin Sombra series

Ronquin sombra site, Dist Infante, Guarico State, Venezuela (8° N, 66° W). Coll and subm by A Roosevelt.

# QC-311A. Excavation 8, Level 7 $1170 \pm 100$

Charcoal, depth 95 to 110cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Ronquin phase.

#### QC-311B. Excavation 8, Level 8 1450 ± 70

Charcoal, depth 110 to 125cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Ronquin phase.

#### QC-327. Excavation 9, Level 9 $1300 \pm 90$

Charcoal, depth 137 to 147cm below surface.

#### **Corozal series**

Corozal site, Guarico State, Venezuela (8° N, 66° W), 3km NE of Parmana village. Site in tropical gallery forest. Coll and subm by A Roosevelt.

06.272	Excavation 2, Level 20	A) $23,900 \pm 650$
Yu-m.	Excavation 2, Level 20	B) $24,700 \pm 1250$

Lignite, depth 147 to 160cm below surface. B bleached with perchlorate after regular pretreatment. *Comment* (AR): from Early Corozal phase.

OC-275.	Excavation 2, Level 20	<b>A</b> )	$25,400 \pm 650$
<b>Y</b> a <b>1</b> .0.	Excuvation 2, Level 20	<b>B</b> )	24.700 + 200

Lignite, B treated with perchlorate after regular pretreatment.

QC-309. Excavation 3, Level 4

 $860 \pm 70$ 

2)  $5410 \pm 270$ 

Charcoal, shiny and not very dense, depth 30 to 53cm below surface. Some rootlets removed. *Comment* (AR): from Late Camoruco phase.

		A 1)	$510\pm70$
		2)	$540 \pm 80$
QC-310.	Excavation 3, Level 10	<b>B</b> 1)	$410 \pm 80$
		2)	$340 \pm 90$

Charcoal, depth 130 to 143cm below surface. B separately coll equivalent sample. Comment (AR): from Middle Camoruco phase.

#### OC-319. Excavation 2, Level 7 $720 \pm 80$

Charcoal, depth 112 to 138cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Middle to Late Camoruco phase.

#### **QC-320.** Excavation 2, Level 8 260 ± 80

Charcoal, depth 138 to 153cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Middle Camoruco phase.

# QC-321. Excavation 2, Level 9 $410 \pm 90$

Charcoal, depth 153 to 167cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Early Camoruco phase.

#### QC-322. Excavation 2, Level 12 820 ± 90

Charcoal, depth 210 to 230cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Late Corozal period.

# QC-323. Excavation 2, Level 14 1740 ± 100

Charcoal, depth 250 to 275cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Middle Corozal phase.

#### QC-324A. Excavation 3, Level 11A 460 ± 80

Charcoal, depth 145 to 153cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Early to Middle Camoruco phase.

#### QC-325. Excavation 3, Level 12A 830 ± 90

Charcoal, depth 153 to 170cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Early Camoruco to Late Corozal phase.

#### QC-326. Excavation 3, Level 15 $1200 \pm 90$

Charcoal, depth 198 to 210cm below surface. Comment (AR): from Early Camoruco to Late Corozal phase.

		1)	$23,\!080 + 910 \\ - 820$
QC-335.	Excavation 2, Level 20	2)	$22,\!420 + 820 \\ -740$
		3)	$3720\pm270$

Lignite. Dates 1) and 2) are duplicate runs on same pretreated sample. Date 3) is date on extracted humic acids from 1) and 2).

#### Los Mangos series

Los Mangos site, Infante Dist Guarico State, Venezuela (8° N, 66° W), 100m SE Parmana village. Coll and subm by A Roosevelt.

Queens College Radiocarbon Measurements III 1083

#### QC-312A. Excavation 1, Level 17 **A**) $340 \pm 80$ **B**) $900 \pm 90$

Charcoal, depth 260 to 280cm below surface. B stratigraphically equivalent to A. B small sample diluted with "dead" benzene. Comment (AR): from Middle to Late Corozal phase.

#### QC-313A. Excavation 1, Level 18 A) $1170 \pm 90$ **B**) $760 \pm 100$

Charcoal, depth 280 to 300cm below surface. A stratigraphically equivalent to B. Comment (AR): from Middle to Late Corozal phase.

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