DUBLIN RADIOCARBON DATES III

P Q DRESSER*

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INTRODUCTION

The dating equipment and operating procedures in the Physical laboratory remained as described previously (R, 1974, v 16, no. 1, p 6-9).

Dates were calculated using the 5568-year half-life with 1950 as the reference year, the modern standard being 0.95 of the activity of the NBS oxalic acid standard. When done, δ^{13} C was measured on CO₂ produced in the combustion of samples, and results are given relative to the PDB standard. All samples were from Ireland.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I am very grateful to R L Otlet of the Harwell laboratory, who measured the ¹⁴C activity and δ^{13} C ratios of some of the samples and accepted samples of benzene prepared in this laboratory. He kindly allowed me to publish the results in this list; the relevant samples are indicated in the text. Thanks are also due to T J Fitzgerald for making the remaining δ^{13} C measurements. Financial support from the National Science Council of Ireland is gratefully acknowledged.

I. ARCHAEOLOGIC SAMPLES

Rathgall series, Co Wicklow

Charcoal samples are from a multivallate hillfort with extensive Early Bronze Age settlement and later occupations (Orpen, 1911; Raftery, 1970; 1971) at Rathgall, Rath East townland, 5km E of Tullow, Co Carlow (52° 48' N, 7° 40' W, NGR: S 902731) alt 122m. Coll and subm 1969 and 1970 by B Raftery, Dept Archaeol, Univ College, Dublin.

D-133. S151

2810 ± 110

Charcoal from pit at SW corner of Hearth 2, Square 32. Comment (BR): late Bronze Age provenience.

D-134. S113

2860 ± 110

Charcoal from Hearth 1, Square 25. Comment (BR): sample from initial late Bronze Age occupation.

D-135. S140

2490 ± 120

Charcoal. Wood and cereal grain from upper levels of ditch surrounding circular house, Square 31.

D-132. S400

2960 ± 110

 $\delta^{13}C = -25.8\%$

Charcoal from upper levels of large basket-lined storage pit outside circular house, Square 18.

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II. GEOLOGIC SAMPLES

D-119. Fethard-on-sea, Co Wexford 4030 ± 120

 $\delta^{13}C = -26.7\%$

Tree roots in gray wedges in glacial deposit lying between high and low water marks on beach at Wood Village, Fethard-on-sea, 10.5km ESE of Waterford (52° 12' N, 6° 50' W, NGR: S 803035). Coll and subm 1972 by G F Mitchell, Dept Geol, Univ Dublin. Comment (GFM): possible explanation for date is that roots are last vestige of eroded submerged forest that grew at time indicated. Tree roots could not have penetrated to present location if sea stood at present level or higher.

D-136F. Old Head, Co Mayo

 $10,010 \pm 170$ $\delta^{13}C = -25.8\%$

Fine insoluble material $<300\mu$ m, from organic deposit 3cm thick under 2m glacial till exposed on beach at Old Head, 17km W of Westport, Co Mayo (53° 47' N, 9° 47' W, NGR: L 834823). Coll and subm 1972 by G F Mitchell. Comment: humic acid fraction dated; D-136H, $10,530 \pm 120$. Both samples pretreated and converted to benzene in Dublin lab, and counted in Harwell lab as HAR-627 (D-136F) and HAR-628 (D-136H).

Dunmore Cave series, Co Kilkenny

Samples coll during geologic and archaeologic investigations of cave system at Dunmore Cave, 9km N of Kilkenny, Co Kilkenny (52° 44' N, 7° 15' W, NGR: S 508658). Coll and subm 1973 by D Huddart and D Drew, Dept Geog, Dublin Univ. Comment: all results expresed as % of modern and are uncorrected for isotopic fractionation.

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 $40.2 \pm 0.9\%$ $\delta^{13}C = -6.5\%$

Carbonate from upper 1cm layer of flow-stone floor deposit, 10cm thick, 3m from excavated trench in rabbit burrow area.

D-139. Sample 2

$85.8 \pm 1.2\%$ Charcoal from immediately above flow-stone floor deposit in excavated trench in rabbit burrow area. Comment: sample assoc with archaeologic deposit. Conventional age, 1230 ± 110 BP.

D-141 .	Sample 4A	$53.5 \pm 0.9\%$
		$\delta^{I3}C = -6.0\%$

Carbonate from central 2cm core of pendant concretion, 12cm diam, at cave entrance.

D-142.	Sample 4B	$72.8 \pm 1.1\%$
		$\delta^{\scriptscriptstyle 13}C=-0.5\%$ o

Carbonate from outer 2cm layer of same concretion as Sample 4A, D-141.

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D-144. Sample 5

 $0.7 \pm 0.2\%$ $\delta^{_{13}}C = -10.8\%$

Carbonate from bottom 1cm layer of flow-stone floor deposit, 5cm thick, in Market Cross chamber. *Comment*: sample activity and δ^{13} C measured at Harwell lab; HAR-634. Infinite age.

 $44.9 \pm 0.4\% \\ \delta^{13}C = -3.1\%$

Carbonate from flow-stone floor deposit in Market Cross chamber. Comment: sample activity and δ^{13} C measured in Harwell lab; HAR-637. Sample measured to determine relationship with Sample 5, D-144.

D-147.	Sample 7	$114.1 \pm 2.6\%$
		$\delta^{_{13}}C = -14.5\%$

Drip-water sample coll Nov 1973 from Market Cross chamber. Comment: sample activity and δ^{13} C measured in Harwell lab; HAR-635. Bicarbonate in drip-water precipitated as barium carbonate.

D-148. Sample 8

 $142.6 \pm 1.4\%$ $\delta^{13}C = -26.4\%$

Twigs grown summer 1973 from tree growing near cave entrance. Coll Nov 1973. *Comment*: sample activity $\delta^{I3}C$ measured at Harwell lab; HAR-636.

References

Orpen, G H, 1911, Rathgall, County Wicklow: Royal Soc Antiquaries Ireland Jour, v 41, p 138-150.

Raftery, B, 1970, The Rathgall Hillfort, County Wicklow: Antiquity, v 44, p 51-54.

––––– 1971, Rathgall, County Wicklow; 1970 excavations: Antiquity, v 45, p 296-298.

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