TATA INSTITUTE RADIOCARBON DATE LIST VI

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This date list is comprised of archaeologic and geophysical samples. The latter are in continuation of our investigations of bomb-produced radiocarbon in atmospheric carbon dioxide reported in Tata V. We continue to count samples in the form of methane; the techniques used have been described elsewhere (Agrawal *et al.*, 1965).

Radiocarbon dates presented below are based on C^{14} half-life value of 5568 yr. For conversion to A.D./B.C. scale, 1950 A.D. has been used as base yr. Our modern reference standard is 95% activity of N.B.S. oxalic acid.

GENERAL COMMENT

Radiocarbon dating in India has been mainly confined to Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures. Despite the dearth of datable material, attempts at evolving an absolute chronology for Stone-age cultures have now been started. Bone and shell samples were measured for some Microlithic cultures. Rock-shelters of Uttar Pradesh were dated ca. 2400 B.C. (TF-419). Adamgarh rock-shelters were dated ca. 5500 B.C. (TF-120, Radiocarbon, 1968, v. 10, p. 131). Kayatha culture of Madhya Pradesh appears to date from ca. 2000 B.C. Chirand Black-and-Red ware date (TF-444) confirms the earlier dates (Radiocarbon, 1966, v. 8, p. 442). Terdal Neolithic culture was dated ca. 1800 B.C. A megalith from Halingali was dated ca. 100 B.C. Brief summaries of these excavations are available in Ghosh (1961-1966).

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SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

I. ARCHAEOLOGIC SAMPLES

TF-415. Atranjikhera, India, Black-and-Red ware deposits

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2450} \pm \textbf{200} \\ \textbf{500 B.c.} \end{array}$

Charcoal from Atranjikhera (27° 42′ N Lat, 78° 44′ E Long), Dist. Etah, baulk between Trenches E_1 and E_2 , Layer 8, depth 0.5 m, Field No.3/1965. Sample subm. by R. C. Gaur, Aligarh Univ., Aligarh. *Comment*: sample is from baulk, hence stratigraphy may be poor. The large errors arise due to insufficiency of datable material.

TF-367. Chandraketugarh, India, historical deposits

 $\begin{array}{c} 660 \pm 90 \\ \textbf{A.D.} \ 1290 \end{array}$

Shells from Chandraketugarh Dist. 24-Paraganas, Locus H2, depth 2.6 m, sample No. 2; sample subm. by C. R. Choudhury, Asutosh Mus., Calcutta-14. *Comment*: only inorganic fraction of shells was dated; organic fraction was not sufficient.

Chirand series, Bihar

Chirand (25° 45′ N Lat, 84° 45′ E Long), Dist. Saran, was excavated by B. S. Verma. Samples subm. by Dir. Archaeol. and Mus., Patna.

 $\textbf{2590} \pm \textbf{105}$

TF-444. Black-and-Red ware deposits

640 в.с.

Charred wood from Trench CRD-VII, Locus A2, Layer 16, depth 10.5 m. NaOH pretreatment was also given.

 3500 ± 100

TF-445. Pit with microliths

1550 в.с.

Wood from Trench CRD-X, Locus A2, pit sealed by Layer 11, depth 8.2 m. NaOH pretreatment was also given. *Comment*: sample is from pit in natural soil which yields large number of microliths and is sealed by Black-and-Red ware deposits; could be earlier.

TF-446. Northern Black Polished ware deposits

 1930 ± 105 a.d. 20

Charred rice from Trench CRD-1c, Locus B'-C', Layer 6, depth 3.25 m. NaOH pretreatment was also given. *Comment*: sample derives from top of Northern Black Polished ware deposits.

 1970 ± 95

TF-685. Halingali, India, Megalithic deposits

20 в.с.

Charcoal from Halingali (16° 0′ 30″ N Lat, 75° 6′ 40″ E Long), Dist. Bijapur, Locus HGL, Mg III, depth 1.31 to 1.4 m, Field No. HGL, MgIII-24. NaOH pretreatment was also given. Sample subm. by H. D. Sankalia, Deccan College, Poona. *Comment*: date is younger than expected.

Kayatha series, Madhya Pradesh

Kayatha (23° 30' N Lat, 76° E Long), Dist. Ujjain was excavated by V. S. Wakankar, Madhav College, Ujjain, who subm. samples. NaOH pretreatment was given to all samples.

 3520 ± 100

TF-398. Chalcolithic deposits

1570 в.с.

Charcoal from burnt Chalcolithic house, Trench KTH 1, Layer 35, depth 8.5 m, Field No. 7.

 $\mathbf{3320} \pm \mathbf{100}$

TF-405. Chalcolithic deposits

1370 в.с.

Charcoal, Trench KTH2, Layer 10, depth 3.5 m, Field No. 14.

TF-674. Northern Black Polished ware deposits

 2350 ± 95 400 B.C.

Charcoal, from Trench KTH4, Layer 11, depth not given, Field No.15. Comment: P.G. ware was also assoc.

 3160 ± 105

TF-676. Chalcolithic deposits

1210 в.с.

Burnt wheat grains from Trench KTH4, Layer 14, depth not given, Field No. 17.

 3530 ± 100

TF-678. Chalcolithic deposits

1580 в.с.

Charcoal from Trench KTH4, Layer 18, Field No.19.

 $\mathbf{3155} \pm \mathbf{130}$

TF-679. Chalcolithic deposits

1205 в.с.

Charcoal from Trench KTH3, Layer 9, depth not given, Field No. 20.

 3850 ± 95

TF-680. Kayatha culture

1900 в.с.

Charcoal from Trench KTH3, Layer 13, depth not given, Field No. 21.

 3055 ± 95

TF-586. Hallur, India, Neolithic period

1105 в.с.

Charcoal from Hallur (14° 20′ N Lat, 75° 37′ E Long), Dist. Dharwar, Trench 2, pit sealed by Layer 8, depth 2.8 m. Sample subm. by M. S. Nagaraj Rao, Karnatak Univ., Dharwar.

 1930 ± 100

TF-599. Kalibangan, India, bones

A.D. 20

Animal bones from Kalibangan (29° 25′ N Lat, 74° 05′ E Long), Dist. Ganganagar, Locus XA-17 Od.1, Layer 4, depth 0.7 m, Field No. KLB-2, XA-17 Qd.1/c/1965-66-1. Sample subm. by A. Ghosh. *Comment*: C¹⁴ date was obtained only from inorganic fraction and shows extent to which this fraction can be contaminated.

Lekhahia series, Uttar Pradesh

Lekhahia rock-shelters (27° 80′ 5″ N Lat, 82° 32′ E Long), Dist. Mirzapur, were excavated by V. D. Misra. Samples subm. by G. R. Sharma, Allahabad Univ., Allahabad. There is no archaeologic date estimate available, but assoc. of aceramic geometric and non-geometric microliths indicates that C¹⁴ dates could be younger because only inorganic fraction of bones was dated.

 $\mathbf{3560} \pm \mathbf{105}$

TF-417. Rock-shelter skeleton

1610 в.с.

Bones from Rock-shelter I, Skeleton No. VI, Locus 5-7, Layer 4, depth 0.15 m, Field No. LKH(M)RS-1/64/B-2.

TF-419. Rock-shelter skeleton

 4240 ± 110 2290 B.C.

Bones from Rock-shelter I, Skeleton No.XVII, Locus 4-7, Layer 8, depth 0.4 m, Field No. LKH(M)RS-1/64/B-4.

 $\mathbf{3875} \pm \mathbf{105}$

TF-744. Langhnaj, India, Microlithic culture

1925 в.с.

Bones from Langhnaj (23° 27′ E Lat, 72° 32′ E Long), Dist. Mehsana, Trench BFGC, depth 1.2 to 1.8 m. Sample subm. by H. D. Sankalia. *Comment*: different bones samples R. Nos. 3828, 3921, 4707, 4326, and 5188 from lower and middle levels were mixed for C¹⁴ dating. Only inorganic fraction was dated; contamination probability is high.

Rajbadidanga series, W Bengal

Rajbadidanga (24° 01′ N Lat, 88° 11′ E Long), Dist. Murshidabad, was excavated by S. R. Das, Dept. of Archaeol., Univ. of Calcutta, who subm. samples.

 1495 ± 90

TF-629. Historical deposits

A.D. 455

Charcoal from Trench B3, Layer 12A, depth 3.5 m, Field No. 3, *Comment*: assoc. finds have terracotta seals.

 1520 ± 90

TF-634. Historical deposits

A.D. 430

Charcoal from Trench B5, Layer 8, depth 3.1 m, Field No. 9.

TF-681. Tripuri, India, Early Historic period

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2155} \pm \textbf{100} \\ \textbf{205 B.c.} \end{array}$

Charcoal from Tripuri (23° 8′ N Lat, 79° 50′ E Long), Dist. Jabalpur, Locus II, Layer 5, depth 2.8 m, Field No. 246. Sample subm. by H. D. Sankalia. Rootlets were handpicked. NaOH pretreatment was also given.

 40 ± 95

TF-689. Palmleaf manuscript, India

A.D. 1910

Sample subm. by K. S. Karanth, Puttor, Mysore.

Terdal series, Mysore

Terdal (16° N Lat, 75° 5′ E Long), Dist. Bijapur. Site is being excavated by A. Sundara, Deccan College, Poona. Samples subm. by H. D. Sankalia.

 3615 ± 120

TF-683. Neolithic culture

1665 в.с.

Charcoal from Trench 1, Layer 3, depth .45 to .65 m, Field No. 40.

 $\mathbf{3775} \pm \mathbf{95}$

TF-684. Neolithic culture

1825 в.с.

Charcoal from Trench 1, Layer 2, depth .17 to .25 m, Field No. TRDL 28.

Ujjain series, Madhya Pradesh

Ujjain (23° 11′ N Lat, 75° 46′ E Long), Dist. Ujjain, samples subm. by A. Ghosh, site excavated by N. R. Banerjee.

 1990 ± 100 40 B.C.

TF-407. Black-and-Red ware deposits

Charcoal, Locus O-I, Layer 23, depth 4.4 m, Field No. UJN 17 Ext/108.

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2335} \pm \textbf{95} \\ \textbf{385 B.c.} \end{array}$

TF-409. Northern Black Polished ware deposits

Charcoal, Locus IV-V, Layer 28, depth 5.50 m, Field No. UJN 28/155.

II. GEOPHYSICAL SAMPLES

C14 in Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide

Atmospheric CO₂ samples were coll. at 3 stations: 1) Gulmarg (34° 04′ N Lat, 74° 25′ E Long), alt. 2745 m; 2) Khandala (18° 45′ N Lat, 73° 22′ E Long), alt. 550 m; 3) Kodaikanal (10° 15′ N Lat, 77° 31′ E Long), alt. 2300 m. Gulmarg and Kodaikanal series samples are continuation of data published in Tata V. Khandala was new sta., at about same lat. as Bombay, but far away from industrial area.

The following tables give time of exposure of 0.1 N NaOH (carbonate-free) solution to air and observed % excess of C¹⁴ in atmospheric CO₂ samples above reference level of age-corrected 1890 wood, *i.e.*, 0.95 NBS oxalic acid.

TABLE 1
Atmospheric Radiocarbon Activity series, Gulmarg

Sample No.	Exposure Dates	δC^{140} %
TF-492 TF-497 TF-498 TF-652 TF-654	June 1, 1965—June 15, 1965 June 15, 1965—July 1, 1965 July 1, 1965—July 15, 1965 July 15, 1965—Aug. 1, 1965 Sept. 1, 1965—Sept. 10, 1965 Oct. 1, 1965—Oct. 10, 1965	73.74 ± 1.73 76.12 ± 2.02 80.05 ± 1.89 72.59 ± 1.74 71.99 ± 1.79 73.59 ± 1.79

Table 2
Atmospheric Radiocarbon Activity series, Khandala

Sample No.	Exposure Dates	$\delta C^{14}\%$
TF-553 TF-554 TF-667 TF-668	Aug. 31, 1965—Sept. 10, 1965 Sept. 10, 1965—Sept. 20, 1965 Sept. 20, 1965—Sept. 30, 1965 Oct. 1, 1965—Oct. 10, 1965	68.72 ± 1.77 70.78 ± 1.88 69.25 ± 1.77
TF-670	Oct. 20, 1965—Oct. 30, 1965	$69.93 \pm 1.74 \\ 73.11 \pm 1.81$

Table 3
Atmospheric Radiocarbon Activity series, Kodaikanal

Sample No.	Exposure Dates	$\delta C^{14}\%$
TF-540 TF-542 TF-658 TF-660 TF-661 TF-662 TF-664	June 1, 1965—June 16, 1965 July 1, 1965—July 16, 1965 Aug. 1, 1965—Aug. 10, 1965 Sept. 1, 1965—Sept. 10, 1965 Sept. 20, 1965—Oct. 1, 1965 Oct. 1, 1965—Oct. 10, 1965 Nov. 1, 1965—Nov. 10, 1965	73.06 ± 1.77 70.55 ± 1.75 68.40 ± 1.74 70.71 ± 1.70 70.51 ± 1.87 73.00 ± 1.80 71.83 ± 1.76

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