## A Note on Determining Soil Properties for Soils Containing Rock Fragments

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Many rangeland soils contain a significant rock fraction which may modify soil properties, whereas most published soil and soil

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to describe properties of these soils. Especially needed is standardization to distinguish between bulk densities and particle densities as well as properties on a mass or volume basis. The classification of these soils is discussed by Miller and Guthrie (1984).

Table 1 presents published or derived equations for some common soil and water properties. Most of these relationships were

water data are for the fine earth fraction. A listing of equations is

presented which calculates soil water properties for soils containing a rock fraction. It is seen that standardization is badly needed

Table 1. Soil and water properties.

Soil Property	Expression	Reference	Soil Property	Expression	Reference
Coarse Fraction:			Water Content:		
	R <sub>m</sub> , wet or dry sieving	Flint and	water Content.	$\theta_w = (1 - R_w)\theta_h + R_w \theta_a$	Reinhart (1961)
	and weighing	Childs (1984)		(1 114)05 114 05	Flint and
	$R_v = (BD_t/BD_{\sim 2}) \cdot R_m$	Flint and			Childs (1984)
		Childs (1984)		$W_{vt} = (1 - R_v)W_{v < 2} + (R_v)W_{v < 2}$	Flint and Childs
		5 (1000)		$W_{vt} = (1 - K_v) W_{v < 2} + (K_v) W_{v > 2}$	(1984)
	$f_v = (\rho_T/\rho_p) \cdot f_m$	Russo (1983)			(170.)
	$1 - BD_{-2}/BD_t$			$W_v = W_m \bullet BD/\rho_w$	Hillel (1971)
	$R_{m} = \frac{1 - BD_{<2}/BD_{t}}{1 - BD_{<2}/BD_{>2}}$	Derived	Saturated		
	1 - BD<2/ BD>2		Conductivity:		
	$_{\rm D}$ _ BD <sub>t</sub> - BD <sub>&lt;2</sub>	Flint and	•	K / K = 2(1 - a)	Dunn and
	$R_{v} = \frac{BD_{t} - BD_{\leq 2}}{BD_{\geq 2} - BD_{\leq 2}}$	Childs (1984)		$K_{\bullet}/K_{o} = \frac{2(1-a)}{2+a}$	Mehuys (1984)
	>2 >2 >2 <2			2 · 4	wienays (1904)
	$R_v$ $R_m$	Derived		$\mathbf{K_t}/\mathbf{K_b} = (1 - \mathbf{R_w})$	Brakensiek and
	$\frac{R_v}{1-R_v} = \frac{R_m}{(\rho_{-}/\rho_{+})(1-R_m)}$	Donvou			Rawls (1985)
Bulk Density:		Russo (1983)	a, f <sub>v</sub> , R <sub>v</sub>	= Coarse fraction (>2 mm) by volume	
	$\rho_{\rm b} = \rho_{\rm T} \frac{(1 - f_{\rm m})}{(1 - f_{\rm v})} \qquad R$		d <sub>(8</sub> + A), ρ <sub>T</sub> , BD <sub>t</sub>	= Bulk density of field bulk soil	
			$d_A, \rho_A BD_{>2}$	= Bulk density of coarse fraction (>2 m	m)
	(1 P.)		$(1 - W), X_w, f_m, R_m$	= Coarse fraction by weight	
	$BD_{\leq 2} = BD_t \frac{(1 - R_m)}{(1 - R_v)}$ Flint and Childs (1984)		$d_a$ , $\rho_b$ , $BD_{<2}$	= Bulk density of fine fraction (<2 mm)	•
		Childs (1984)	P <sub>&gt;2</sub>	= Total porosity of coarse fraction	
Bulk Density:	[ (1-f <sub>m</sub> ) ]-1	Russo (1983)	PD <sub>&gt;2</sub>	= Particle density of coarse fraction	
	$\rho_{\rm T} = \left[ f_{\rm m}/\rho_{\rm s} + \frac{(1-f_{\rm m})}{\rho_{\rm s}} \right]^{-1}$		•	= Total field water content by volume	
	F 75 J		$W_{v < 2}, \theta_b$	= Water content of fine fraction by volu	ime
			$W_{v>2}$ $\theta_{\bullet}$ = Water content of coarse fraction by volume		
	$\rho_{\rm T} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1 - W}{\rho_{\bullet}} & \frac{W}{\rho_{\rm b}} \end{bmatrix} - 1  \text{Mehuys et al.} $ (1975)		$W_{m<2}$ = Water content of fine fraction by weight		
	$\rho_{\rm T} = \frac{\rho_{\rm o}}{\rho_{\rm o}} = \frac{\rho_{\rm b}}{\rho_{\rm b}}$	(1975)	<del>-</del> -	= Saturated conductivity of bulk soil	
•	<del>-</del>	()		= Saturated condutivity of fine fraction	
	$A_{(8+A)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - X_w & X_w \\ \hline d_{a} & d_{a} \end{bmatrix} - 1$	.Berger (1976)	$ ho_{_{f w}}$	= Density of water	
	ds d <sub>A</sub>				
	$\rho_{\rm T} = (1 - f_{\rm v})\rho_{\rm b} + (f_{\rm v})\rho_{\rm a}$	D (1002)	Note: All quantities in decimal form.		
	$r_{\rm T} = (1 - I_{\rm v})\rho_{\rm b} + (I_{\rm v})\rho_{\rm s}$	Russo (1983)			
	$BD_t = BD_{<2} + R_v (BD_{>2} - BD_{<2})$	Flint and Childs			
		(1984)			
	PD - (1 P )PD	Flint and Childs			
	$BD_{>2} = (1 - P_{>2})PD_{>2}$	(1984)			
		(,			
	ρ <sub>t</sub> ·BD <sub>t</sub> Irregular Hole Bulk	Flint and Childs			
	Density Sampler	(1984) Pusso (1983)			
		Russo (1983) Cunningham and			
		Matelski (1968)			

were developed by assuming that the soil and rock fraction are each Mehuys, G.R., L.H. Stolzy, J. Letey, and L.V. Weeks. 1975. Effect of stones on the hydraulic conductivity of relatively dry desert soils. Soil made up of porosity and solids on a mass or volume basis. An Sci. Soc. Amer. Proc. 39:37-42. excellent discussion for the soil fraction alone is presented by Hillel Reinhart, K.G. 1961. The problem of stones in soil-moisture measurement. (1971). At the end of Table 1, the symbols are defined correspond-

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